

## ANTI-CD57 (CLONE: NK/804)

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|-------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>CATALOG ID</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION</b>    |
| MM009-3D, 6D      | 3.0mL and 6.0mL RTU   |
| MM009-AA, CC      | 0.2mL and 1.0mL Conc. |

|   |                           |
|---|---------------------------|
| <b>ALTERNATIVE NAME</b>   | B3GAT1, GLCATP            |
| <b>CLONE</b>  | NK/804                    |
| <b>SPECIES</b>  | Mouse                     |
| <b>ISOTYPE</b>  | Mouse IgM                 |
| <b>TISSUE CONTROL</b>   | Tonsil & Brain            |
| <b>EPITOPE/ IMMUNOGEN</b>   | CD57                      |
| <b>CELL LOCALIZATION</b>  | Golgi apparatus membrane. |
| <b>SPECIES REACTIVITY</b>   | Human                     |
| <b>DILUTION RANGE</b>   | Assay dependent           |
| <b>DILUENT</b>  | Antibody Diluent Standard |
| <i>Supplied as Buffer with protein carrier &amp; preservative</i> |                           |

### INTENDED USE

BioMarq CD57 antibody is used for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. This antibody is designed for the specific identification of CD57 protein in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections. The results using this product should be interpreted by a qualified pathologist in conjunction with the patient's relevant clinical history, other diagnostic tests and proper controls.

### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The specific antibody recognizes a 110 kDa protein on Natural killer (NK) cell surface that is identified as CD57. Follicular center cell lymphomas often contain many NK cells within the neoplastic follicles. Cd57 antibody is involved in the biosynthesis of L2/HNK-1 carbohydrate epitope on glycoproteins. It can also play a role in glycosaminoglycan biosynthesis. In HCMV (Human cytomegalovirus) there observed an increased number of CD57 positive natural killer cells. CD57 expression has been regarded as a marker of terminal differentiation of anergy & senescence.

### PRINCIPLE OF PROCEDURE

Immunohistochemistry (IHC) is a method for detecting antigens or haptens in cells of a tissue section by exploiting the principle of antibodies binding specifically to antigens in biological tissues. The antibody-antigen binding can be visualized in different methods. Enzymes, such as Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) or Alkaline Phosphatase (AP), are commonly used to catalyze a color-producing reaction. IHC is widely used technique which makes it possible to visualize the distribution and localization of specific cellular components within cells and in proper tissue context. There are numerous IHC methods that can be used to localize antigens. The method selected should include consideration of parameters such as the specimen types and assay sensitivity.

### IHC RECOMMENDED PROTOCOL

**DeParaffinization & Hydration:** DeParaffinization & Hydration is done using two grades of xylene & ethanol. Rinse in distilled water & follow next steps given

**Pretreatment Solution:** Perform heat Retrieval using BioMarq's Epitope Retrieval 1 (Catalog No PS001). (Refer to BioMarq's Epitope Retrieval 1 datasheet for specific instructions).

**Peroxide Block:** Incubate for 10 minutes with BioMarq EP Block (Catalog No BR001).

**Protein Block (Optional):** Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with BioMarq Protein Block (Catalog No BR002).

**Primary Antibody:** Incubate with Anti- CD57 antibody (Catalog No MM009) for 30-60 minutes at RT.

**Probe:** Incubate for 20 minutes at RT with a BioMarq Histochemistry probe (Catalog No HP001).

**Secondary Antibody:** Incubate for 20 minutes at RT with a BioMarq Polymer HRP antibody (Catalog No SA001).

**Substrate/ Chromogen:** Incubate sections in DAB working solution for 5-7 minutes.

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**Counterstain:** Stain with BioMarq Hematoxylin solution (Catalog No CS001) for 3-5min.

**Mounting Solution:** Mount the slides with BioMarq XY-Mount (Catalog No MS002) or using BioMarq T-Mount (Catalog No MS003).

### TECHNICAL NOTE

This antibody staining has been standardized with BioMarq **IHC DETECTION KIT** (Catalog No DA001).

Ensure after each step slides are washed with BioMarq Immuno Wash Standard (Catalog No WB001) except peroxide Block step. Follow the instructions in the wash buffer data sheet for 1X solution preparation.

Follow the Antibody specific protocol recommendations provided in the data sheet. If atypical results occur, contact BioMarq Technical Support at 040-29702960.

### STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Not to be used beyond the expiration date prescribed on label.

### QUALITY CONTROL

For Quality Control purpose, each lot of this antibody is tested by immunohistochemistry using, formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded **Tonsil & Brain** biopsy as control tissue. Users can also procure the Qualified Positive Control Slides available from BioMarq for their Quality Control purpose.

### PRECAUTIONS

The material contains 0.05% Sodium azide as preservative. Although the quantity of azide is very small, appropriate care should be taken when handling this material.

Specimens should be handled carefully before and after the assay to avoid transmission of infection and disposed of with proper precautions

Microbial contamination of reagents may yield nonspecific staining.

For detailed safety information related to BioMarq Products, please refer to appropriate safety data sheets (SDS) available online at [www.biomarq.net](http://www.biomarq.net)

### LIMITATIONS

Factors which affect Immunohistochemical staining include the fixation process, Epitope-retrieval method, incubation times, tissue section thickness and detection kit used. Detection systems other than recommended by BioMarq when used results may vary due to the varied sensitivity of reagents and recommended incubation times. The recommendations and protocols mentioned in the datasheet are based on exclusive use of BioMarq products. Ultimately, it is the responsibility of the investigator to determine optimal conditions. The clinical interpretation of any positive or negative staining should be evaluated within the context of clinical presentation, morphology and other histopathological criteria by a qualified pathologist.

### REFERENCES

1. Carolyn M. Nielsen et al, Functional Significance of CD57 Expression on Human NK Cells and Relevance to Disease, Front Immunol, 2013.
2. Kared H1 et al, CD57 in human natural killer cells and T-lymphocytes, Cancer Immunol Immunother, 2016.
3. Pileri SA et al, Antigen retrieval techniques in immunohistochemistry, Comparison of different methods. J Pathol. 1997 Sep.